

Defense Environmental Restoration Program for Formerly Used Defense Sites

Ordnance and Explosive Waste Chemical Warfare Materials

ARCHIVES SEARCH REPORT FINDINGS

CENTRAL OREGON AIR TO AIR GUNNERY RANGE MILITARY RESERVATION

Lake County, Oregon

Project No. F100R017001

JULY 1995

Prepared by
US ARMY CORPS OF ENGINEERS
ST. LOUIS DISTRICT

ORDNANCE AND EXPLOSIVE WASTE CHEMICAL WARFARE MATERIALS ARCHIVES SEARCH REPORT FINDINGS

FOR

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1.0 Introduction

1.1 Authority

In **1980**, Congress enacted the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation and Liability Act (CERCLA) **42** USC **9601** et seq. Ordnance and explosive wastes **are** included in the CERCLA definition of pollutants and contaminants that require a remedial response.

In 1983, the Environmental Restoration Defense Account (ERDA) was established by Public Law 98-212. This Congressionally-directed fund was to be used for environmental restoration at Department of Defense (DOD) active installations and formerly used properties. The DOD designated the Army as the sole manager for environmental restoration at closed installations and formerly used properties. The Secretary of the Army assigned this mission to the Corps of Engineers (USACE) in 1984.

The **1986** Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act (SARA) amended certain aspects of CERCLA, some of which directly related to OEW contamination. Chapter 160 of the SARA established the Defense Environmental Restoration **Program** (DERP). One of the goals specified for the DERP is "correction of environmental damage (such as detection and disposal of unexploded ordnance) which creates an imminent and substantial endangerment to the public health or welfare or to the environment".

The DERP requires that a CERCLA response action be undertaken whenever such "imminent and substantial endangerment" is found at:

- A. A facility or site that is owned by, leased to, or otherwise possessed by the United States and under the jurisdiction of the Secretary of Defense.
- B. A facility or site **that** was under the jurisdiction of the Secretary of Defense and owned by, leased to, or otherwise possessed by the United States at the time of actions leading to contamination.
- C. A vessel owned or operated by the Department of Defense.

The National Contingency Plan (NCP) was established by the Clean Water Act of **1972.** The NCP has been revised and broadened several times since then. Its purpose is **to** provide the organizational structure and procedures for remedial actions to be taken in response to the presence of hazardous substances, pollutants, and contaminants at a site. Section 105 of the **1980** CERCLA states that the NCP shall apply to all response actions taken **as** a result of CERCLA requirements.

The March **1990** National Oil and Hazardous Substances Pollution Contingency Plan given in 40 CFR part 300 is the latest version of the NCP. Paragraph **300.120** states that "DOD will be the removal response authority with respect to incidents involving DOD military weapons and munitions under the jurisdiction, custody, and control of DOD."

On April 5, 1990, U.S. Army Engineer Division, Huntsville (USAEDH) was designated as the USACE Mandatory Center of Expertise (MCX) and Design Center for Ordnance and Explosive Waste (OEW). As the MCX and Design Center for OEW, USAEDH is responsible for the design and successful implementation of all Department of the Army OEW remediations required by CERCLA. USAEDH will also design and implement OEW remediation programs for other branches of the Department of Defense when requested. In cooperation with the Huntsville Division, the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers St. Louis District has been assigned the task of preparing Archives Search Reports for those Formerly Used Defense Sites (FUDS) suspected of ordnance and explosive waste (OEW) and chemical warfare materials (CWM) contamination.

1.2 Subject

The Central Oregon Air-to-Air Gunnery Range **Military** Reservation (also known as the Central Oregon Aerial Gunnery Range), located in Lake County, Oregon, was used as an aerial gunnery range during World War II.

1.3 Purpose

This Archives Search Report (ASR) compiles information obtained through historical research at various archives and records holding facilities, interviews with **persons** associated with the site or its operations, and personal visits to the site. All efforts were directed towards determining possible **use** or disposal of OEW on the site. Particular emphasis was placed on establishing the **type** of munitions, quantities and areas of disposal. Information obtained during this process was used in developing recommendations for further actions at the site.

1.4 Scope

The entire site **a** the former gunnery range, consisting **a** 795,056.77 acres, was evaluated in assessing the potential for OEW contamination. It is designated as DERP-FUDS Site Number F10OR017000 (OEW Project No. F10OR017001).

This report presents the history of the site, description and characterization of the immediate surrounding area, real estate ownership information, findings of a visual field survey, and OEW site analysis, including an evaluation of potential ordnance contamination. A separate **Executive Summary** supplements these <u>ASR FINDINGS</u> and furnishes the <u>CONCLUSIONS</u> and RECOMMENDATIONS.

2.0 Previous Site Investigations

2.1 Corps of Engineers Documents

Under the Defense Environmental Restoration Program (DERP), the Fort Worth District prepared a Findings and Determination of Eligibility (FDE), for the subject Central Oregon Air to Air Gunnery Range, dated 1 October 1993. The FDE proposes an OEW project at the site of this former aerial gunnery range. The District's review of real estate records did not reveal any restrictions, restoration, or recapture clauses. The report determined that the site was eligible for the Defense Environmental Restoration Program for Formerly Used Defense Sites under 10 U.S.C. 2701 et seq.

Records indicate that the site was cleared of any OEW prior to termination of the leases and use permit, live ammunition (.50 caliber belts) and expended 20mm rounds have been found on the property. Additionally, remnants of the targets remain on the site. Though a RAC of 5 was derived for the site, the District recommended that the range be **further** investigated. A copy of the FDE is included at Appendix D-1.

2.2 Other Reports

There were no other investigation **reports** found for this site.

3.0 Site and Site Area Description

3.1 Land Usage

3.1.1 Location

Located in Lake County, Oregon, the site is approximately 35 miles north of the City of Lakeview and 48 miles southwest of Burns. According to the INPR, the range is bound by US Hwy 395 on the east, State Hwy 31 on the south and west, and a County road on the north.

3.1.2 Past **Use**

The Army utilized the site for **aerial** gunnery target practice. Prior to that time it was open desert.

3.1.3 Present Use

The site is currently an open desert range.

3.2 Climatic Data

Normal airmasses move into the area from the Pacific Ocean. This air gives up most of its moisture after crossing the Coastal Range and then the Cascade Mountains. This leaves very dry air which flows into the Central Oregon plateau. It has a dry season and warm temperatures in summer, a cold and slightly wetter winter, and a wide range in temperature.

Average annual precipitation is about 10 inches a year. Approximately 29 percent of this annual total occurs during the period December through February; 27 percent March through May; 19 percent in June through August, and 25 percent September through November. Thunderstorms have occurred in the area every month of the year, but are most likely late in spring and in summer.

Relative humidity ranges from about 25 percent in mid-afternoon to 80 percent during the early hours of the day in the warmest and driest months. In winter it ranges from 75 percent in mid-afternoon to around 80 percent or higher early in the morning.

Average snowfall for the **area** is about **17** inches. There are **only** 6 to **8** days **per** year when an inch or more of snow **falls.** It seldom remains on the ground for more than a few days. **Small hail** commonly occurs a few times each winter.

During the 5-month period of November through March, **70** to 80 per cent of the **sky** is covered with clouds on an average day. In July, however, there **is only** an average of **15** per cent cloud cover.

An actual tornado has never been officially recorded in the survey area. However, dust storms sometimes build up to a height of several hundred feet late in spring and summer.

Climatological data for the site area are summarized in TABLE 3-1. Data were collected at the National Weather Service meteorological station at Bums, Oregon which is in Hamey County, just east of Lake County.

CLIMATOLOGICAL DATA FOR BURNS, OREGON TABLE 3-1

Month	Temperature_		Precipitation	Wind*	
	Average Minimum	Average Maximum (°F)	Average (Inches)	Average Speed Miles/Hour	Average Direction
January	15.0	35.4	0.99	6.2	*,*
February	20.4	41.5	0.76	6.3	*.*
March	24.2	47.9	1.01	7.6	*.*
April	30.2	58.1	0.65	8.7	*.*
May	37.8	66.5	0.98	8.6	*.*
June	44.1	73.9	0.83	7.9	*.*
July	51.1	85.6	0.40	7.7	*.*
August	48.8	83.4	0.66	7.1	*.*
September	40.9	75.4	0.56	7.0	*.*
October	32.0	62.6	0.72	6.4	*.*
November	24.3	47.2	1.25	5.4	*.*
December	18.3	37.5	1.15	5.8	* *
Average	32.3	59.6	9.96	7.0	*.*

^{*.*} Prevailing wind direction unavailable

3.3 Geology and Soils

The Central Oregon Air to Air Gunnery Range falls within the Walla Walla Plateaus section of the Columbia Plateaus Physiographic province. The bedrock in the site area consists almost entirely of basalt lava flows. The lava plateaus are interspersed with many rhyolitic deposits and rhyolite volcanic structures. There are also some deposits of light colored volcanic ash.

The low topographical features **are** sand dunes, alkali lakes, and shorelines of ice-age lakes. The elevated features are prominently volcanic in origin. Another type of elevated feature are the ash-ring volcano. These structures were formed by more violent eruptions that were

assisted by steam. The remaining structure was then cut by wave erosion of the ice-age lakes and left standing as islands in the level lava plateaus.

In the southern half, the site covers an area of extensive faulting. The northwest-southeast trending faults have been softened by erosion and are most visible by air. These faults are collectively named the Brothers fault and there are at least 25 faults to the south of the site. Everywhere south of the Brothers fault zone the lava plateau is broken into big fault block mountain ranges and valleys; north of it the lava plateau is still relatively intact and unbroken by faulting (Alt and Hyndman 1990).

3.3.1 Soils

Where there are soils present in the site area, they are very thin. For the most part, the surface is composed of various outcropping rocks, mostly basalt. In some areas, fault block valley floors **filled** with muddy sediments that were washed into them from neighboring mountains. These Miocene age **fills** and sediments are mostly gravelly and silty sand in nature.

3.4 Hydrology

3.4.1 Surface Water

The Central Oregon Air to Air Gunnery Range is located in south-central Oregon in Lake County. The site is in an area of high desert open range adjacent to Alkali Lake which is a dry lake bed.

3.4.2 Groundwater

The rainfall does not develop connected stream systems. When it does rain, muddy runoff pours off the mountains and into the lowest part of the valleys where the majority of the water ponds and dries, rather than seeping to a ground water reservoir. Towards the western edge of the site, the region is semi-arid. The region provides just enough rainfall to allow lakes to remain full while not allowing any significant drainageways to form (Alt and Hyndman 1990). There is very little engineering information available on the groundwater present in this location.

3.5 Ecology

The information on the endangered and threatened species for this site has been provided by the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service and the Oregon Department of Fish and Wildlife.

The U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service has indicated that the following Federally protected species may be found in the vicinity of the Central Oregon Air to Air Gunnery Range: Columbian white-tailed deer (Odocoileus virginianus leucurus), endangered; white-footed vole (Arborimus albipes), candidate; Pacific western big-eared bat (Plecotus townsendii

townsendii), candidate; bald eagle (<u>Haliaeetus leucoceuhalus</u>), threatened; brown pelican (<u>pelecanus occidentalis</u>), endangered; marbled murrelet (<u>Brachvramuhus marmoratus</u>), threatened; Snake River chinook salmon (<u>Oncorhvnchus tshawytscha</u>), threatened; Snake River sockeye salmon (<u>Oncorhvnchus nerka</u>), endangered; Oregon silverspot butterfly (<u>Speyeria zerene hippolyta</u>), threatened; northern red-legged frog (<u>Rana aurora aurora</u>), candidate; tall bugbane (<u>Cimicifuga elata</u>), candidate; and Howell's montia (<u>Montia howellii</u>), candidate.

The Oregon Department of Fish and Wildlife provided comments on the following State threatened and endangered species: bull trout (Salvelinus confluentus), critical; cascades frog (Rana cascadae), critical; spotted frog (Rana uretiosa), critical; American peregrine falcon (Falco peregrinus), endangered; bald eagle, endangered; northern spotted owl (Strix occidentalis caurina), threatened; black-backed woodpecker (Picoides articus) critical; burrowing owl (Spectyto cunicularia), critical; fermginous hawk (Buteo regalis), critical; flammulated owl (Otus flammeolus), critical; Lewis' woodpecker (Asyndesmus lewis), critical; northern goshawk (Accipiter gentilis), critical; pileated woodpecker (Dryocopus pileatus), critical; red-necked grebe (Podiceps grisegena), critical; three-toed woodpecker (Picoides tridactylus), critical; white-headed woodpecker (Dendrocopos albolarvatus), critical; wolverine (Gulo luscus), threatened; American martin (Martes americana), critical; and Pacific western big-eared bat, critical.

No additional information on the occurrence of rare or endangered species or natural communities is known at this time. **This** does not mean that other state or federally-listed species may not be present within the areas of interest. **An** on site inspection by appropriate state and federal personnel may be necessary to verify the presence, absence or location of listed species, or natural communities if remedial action is recommended **as** part of the final ASR.

3.6 Demographics of the Area

3.6.1 Center of Activity

Central Oregon Air to Ground Gunnery Range is located near the City of Lakeview, Lake County, Oregon. This community has numerous centers of activity such as Abert Rim, Fort Rock, Schimnck Memorial Museum, and various parks located throughout the community.

3.6.2 Population Density

City: Lakeview county: Lake

Area: NA Area: 8,251 sq.mi.

POP: 2,880 POP: 7,800

PD: NA persons per sq.mi. PD: 0.95 persons per sq.mi.

Population and area are based on the **U.S.** Department of Commerce, Bureau of **the** Census, 1990 statistics, and telephone interviews.

3.6.3 Business and Industry Profile

A review of both telephone interviews and County Business Patterns (1990) assisted in developing a business profile of the area. The City of Lakeview is not diversified. The largest employers are: MacFarland Door Manufacturing, Pacific Pine Products, Fremont Sawmill Co., Lakeview Lumber. The community supports only supports retail, service industries, and light industry.

3.6.4. Type of Housing

Housing in Lakeview is composed of both single and multi-family homes. There are approximately 3,434 housing units with a median value of \$41,900.

3.6.5 New Development in the Area

Development in the Lakeview area include residential dwellings, promote tourism, and manufacturing development.

3.6.6 Typical Cross-Section of Population

The ancestry in Lakeview is diverse. Approximately 92.7% of the population is white, 0.1% Black, 3.8% Hispanic, 2.8% American Indian or Eskimo, and 0.6% Asian or Pacific Islander. The percent of those under the age of 18 is 27.1%, over 65 years is 16.5%. The median age is 36. The work force, based on the number of establishments, of Lake County is broken down into the following: manufacturing, 7.8%; agriculture, 3.6%; trade and fiance, 42.8%; services, 29.7%; others, 16.2%.

4.0 HISTORICAL ORDNANCE USAGE

4.1 Historical Site Summary

In 1942, the **U.S.** Army acquired **a** total of approximately 797,422.41 acres of land for use **as** an **aerial** gunnery range. The Central Oregon **Air-to-Air Gunnery** Range (COGR) was "designated **as** an urgent national defense need" (**Bums Times** Herald 1942). Walla Walla Army **Air** Field was the main user of the site; however, **a** 1945 document shows Gowen AAF canceling their lease for the COGR (Colonel, **Air** Corps).

The former range is situated **48 miles** southwest of Bums and **35 miles** north of Lakeview, OR. It is bounded by Highway 395 on the east, **State** Highway 31 on the south and west, and a **Lake** County **road** on the north. The site served **as an** aerial gunnery range to include air to air training, air to ground practice, and it is possible that it may have been utilized to some extent for air-to-ground bombing purposes (Adjutant General 1946). A **History** of Walla Walla AAF states "air-to-ground gunnery missions to the Central Oregon Gunnery Range were and **still are** a daily occurrence" (Walla Walla 1944).

A portion of the former COGR occupies the dry bed of Alkali Lake. The Lake County Examiner stated in 1943 that "Instructors at the school for machine gunners are at Camp Alkali, and are instructing men in the use of .50 calibre machine guns. Firing rockets from both ends of a field, two rows of anti-aircraft guns are stationed near the highway where they pepper away at the flying targets with tracer bullets." Troops participating in the Northwest Maneuvers of 1943 also conducted training on the COGR (Bums Times Herald 1943).

The Army declared the property surplus in June of 1947. In November of that same year, the Corps of Engineers informed the Department of the Interior that, "The lands have been examined and have been cleared of all explosives or explosive objects reasonably possible to detect by visual inspection." A copy of this letter is located at Appendix E.

A belt of live **.50** caliber ammunition was found in the northern part of the range in 1990. During a Corps of Engineers - Portland District site inspection of the range in 1993, expended 20mm and **.50** caliber rounds were found adjacent to the two berms (INPR). Representatives from the St. Louis District also located **.50** caliber rounds during a 24 May 1995 site visit.

Neither documentation nor evidence of CWM usage was found pertaining to the COGR. A Cultural Resource Inventory on **Alkali** Lake states "large quantities of debris from WWII training exercises **are** also evident throughout the basin."

4.2 Review of Historical Records

National Archives and Records Administration Suitland Branch 4205 Suitland Road Suitland, MD 20409

RG 153 Records of the **Cffice** of Judge Advocate General Entry: Res. Files 1800-1950, Box 360

Washington National Record Center 4205 Suitland Road Suitland, MD 20409

All record groups yielded no pertinent information.

National Archives 8th and Pennsylvania Washington, D.C. 20408

All record groups yielded no pertinent information.

National Archives at College Park 8201 Adelphi Rd College Park, MD 20740

RG 18 Records of the Army Air Forces

Air Adjutant General Decimal. File: June 1944-46, 686 Okl-Rhode Island, Box 2299, Folder, Buildings and Grounds, OR.

1099 14th St. N.W. Washington, D.C. 20005-3404

Real estate data.

Chemical and Biological Defense Agency Command Historical Cffice
AMSCB-CIH
Aberdeen Proving Ground
Edgewood, MD 21010

No pertinent data.

National Archives-Pacific Northwest Region 6125 Sand Point Way N.E. Seattle, WA 98115

RG 270 Records of the War Assets Administration
Real Property Case Files: Box 324, Folder, moving and target range.

Federal Record Center-Seattle 6125 Sand Point Way N.E. Seattle, WA 98115

Finding aid did not **indicate** any possibilities.

USACOE-Seattle District 4735 E. Marginal Way Seattle, WA 98124-2255

Real estate data, maps and dedudding information.

National Personnel Record Center-Military Branch 9700 Page Avenue St. Louis, MO 63132

RG 18 Records of the Army Air Forces

Series: 8-17-23-5-5, Box 3\23, folder, 684 bombing and gunnery range.

Series: 8-17-24-1-1, Box 22\23, folder, 601.53 leases and loans/

Series: 8-17-23-9-3, Box 14\23, folder, 684 general.

Series: 8-17-24-F-5 (AF-63), Box 21\23, folder, target and bomb. mgs

Series: 8-17-2-4-E-5, Box 18\23, folder, driveways, highways and roads &

abandonment of buildings. Boxes 1, 10 & 11 of 23

RG 342 Records of the **United States** Air Force Commands

Series: 48-22-2-5, Box 1\1, folder, target ranges

Air Force Historical Research Agency 600 Chennault C i l e Maxwell Air Force Base, AL 36112-6424

289.53-9-289.53-11, July 94-Oct 94, Box 5, History of Walla Walla AAF

Portland Historical Society 1230 S.W. Park Avenue Portland, OR 97205

Series of newspaper articles from the Bend Bulletin and the Oregonian.

Schmick Museum 128 south East St Lakeview, OR 97630

No information.

Lake County Museum 126 South East St. Lakeview, OR 97630

No information.

Lakeview Historical Society P.O. Box 48 Lakeview, OR 97630

No information.

Lake County Examiner 305 No. F Street Lakeview, OR 97630

Articles on ordnance discovery in Christmes Valley and training at Alkali Lake.

Bureau of Land *Management* P.O. Box 151 Lakeview, OR 97630

Cultural Resource Inventory on the Alkali Lake Bombing Range.

Lakeview Public Library
Center Street
Lakeview, OR 97630

No information.

Burns Historical Society 144 East E Street Burns, OR 97720

No information.

East E. Street Burns, OR 97720

Newspaper articles pertaining to the Central Oregon Air-to-Air Gurnery Range.

Harney County Assessor 450 N. Buena Vista Burns, OR 97720

No information

Bureau of Land Management 1300 Northeast 44th Ave Portland, OR

No information

CASU Library
St. Louis District corps of Engineers
St. Louis, MO 63103

Hoegh, Leo and Howard Doyle

1946 Timberwolf Tracks: The History of the 104th Infantry Division, 1942-45. Washington Infantry Journal Press, Weshington, D.C.

4.3 Summary of Interviews

Interviews were conducted **by** telephone and in person, both prior to and during the site inspection. The primary purpose of **these** interviews was to make **initial** contact with individuals knowledgeable of the site and **to** coordinate follow-up visits during the site inspection phase of this ASR's **preparation.** A list of persons interviewed is included at **Appendix** H. **Any** pertinent information derived from these discussions is covered within the context of **this** report.

4.4 Interpretation of Aerial Photography

4.4.1 Photo Analysis

Photo interpretation and land-use analysis was **performed** using the following aerial photography:

Photo <u>Date</u>	Approx. <u>Scale</u>	Source	Frame _ID#_
28 Jun 1954	1"=1,667'	ASCS	4 thru 11 9 thru 17 21 thru 28 159 thru 166 174 thru 181

Photos were referenced using the following two **USGS 7.5'** topographic quadrangles (both **are** provisional editions 1984):

Alkali Buttes, OR Alkali Lake, OR

Photography from 1954 does not show any evidence of ordnance or explosives in site areas. There is a area labeled as a chemical disposal on the Alkali Lake quadrangle. This area is located at the southwest side of the dry lake. No areas around this site looked disturbed. The site area consists of sand dunes and a dry lake bed. The terrain is hilly and somewhat rugged around the northwestern part of the lake, while other areas to the southeast are flat. Vegetation consists of low lying scrub.

4.4.2 Map Analysis

Map analysis was **performed using two USGS 7.5'** topographic quadrangles (provisional editions 1984). They **are as** follows:

Alkali Buttes, OR Alkali Lake, OR

The two quads show both planimetric and topographic features. The planimetric features mainly consist of hard and loose surface roads, tracks and trails and small miscellaneous cultural features. Planimetric features for the site areas are limited consisting of just a few roads and a chemical disposal area. Topographic features for both the site area and the quads are few. Day lakes and buttes are prevalent. Relief varies from flat too rugged. There are Occasional perennial drains scattered throughout.

5.0 Real Estate

5.1 Confirmed DOD Ownership

The FDE cited in section 2.1 of this ASR states that the Army acquired 737,000 acres of public domain and 58,056.77 acres of lease lands for the Central Oregon Air to Air Gunnery Range between 1942 and 1943. The site was declared excess in June 1947, the public lands retransferred in November 1947, and the leases canceled in January 1948. The site totalled 795,056.77 acres.

None of the real estate documents examined contained ordnance and explosive waste related land use restrictions. While a formal certificate of clearance was not located, a 1947 *Corps* of Engineers letter **stated** that the land had been cleared of all explosives (Appendix E).

5.2 Potential DOD Ownership

No information indicating DOD ownership of any lands other than those mentioned above was uncovered during the archive search.

5.3 Significant Past Ownership other than DOD

Research did not reveal any past ownerships other than DOD that would have contributed to OEW contamination.

5.4 Present Ownership

The vast majority of the site is presently open public land administered by the Department of the Interior and managed by the Bureau **of** Land Management. There are some individual private holdings within the site boundaries.

6.0 Site Inspection

The subject was conducted May 25, 1995 by the following personnel of the St. Louis District:

Dennis W. Gilmore Project Manager Randy Fraser Safety Specialist

M. Kevin McCaffrey QASAS
C. John Daly Historian

In that no information on the locations of the former targets was uncovered during the archive search, the focus of the site inspection was on the two locations identified in the INPR as "probable target mounds." Additionally, a map and aerial photo reconnaissance of the site did not provide any other potential target mounds.

At each of the two "probable" target sites, .SO cal rounds were found. The center of the aerial target and the location of the .50 caliber rounds is identified as: North 42" 58' 52.1", West 120° 03' 08.0". This was the only ordnance observed which confirms the areas as the former target locations.

The southern mound is generally triangular in shape, measuring ten to **fifteen** feet high, covering an **area** of approximately 433,000 square feet. This mound was obviously constructed. The remnants of seven wood structures, presumably targets, are located on the mound, in an east-west line. The layout seems to represent that of a convoy.

The northern location does not appear to be a mound. It is situated on a considerably smaller, natural appearing rise. Some wood, possibly used for the target, was observed at this site.

Located adjacent to, and south of, the southern berm is a fenced area identified by signs as a hazardous waste disposal site. Through our research, it has been determined that the disposal of hazardous materials at this location by a private party occurred subsequent to DOD's use of the site. The State of Oregon has assumed responsibility for the monitoring and eventual remediation of this HTW disposal area. It is managed through the Oregon Department of Environmental Quality. A photograph of the fenced area and sign is located in Appendix I.

7.0 Evaluation of Ordnance Presence

Based on the extensive archive searches performed, and the results of the site investigation, there exists **OEW** in the form of **small arms** rounds and brass.

The review of historical records provided no information on the locations of the former targets. Based on the expansive area to be investigated, the focus of the investigation efforts was to examine the two locations identified in the INPR as "probable target mounds" and to conduct a map and aerial photo reconnaissance of the site to identify any other potential target mounds.

Of the two target locations outlined in the **INPR**, the southern one seemed **more** appropriate because of its proximity **to** Alkali Lake, **a** easily identifiable terrain feature. **This** prompted the team to examine the lands in the vicinity of Summer Lake on the southwestern boundary of the site, with negative results.

During the conduct of the site inspection, each of the reported target areas were examined. At each of the sites, .50 caliber rounds were found. This was the only ordnance observed, which apparently confirms the areas as the former target locations.

A hazardous waste disposal site is located adjacent to, and south of, the southern berm. The area is fenced and identified by signs. Through our research, it has been determine that the disposal of hazardous materials at this location occurred subsequent to DOD's use of the site. The State of Oregon has assumed responsibility for this inactive HTW disposal area.

8.0 TECHNICAL DATA OF ORDNANCE AND EXPLOSIVES

8.1 Ordnance Related Mission

Central Oregon Air to Air Gunnery Range was used extensively for aerial gunnery training with small arms ammunition. The caliber .50 ball ammunition found in the vicinity of the targets support this finding. Ground troops also used this range for ground-to-air training, firing caliber .50 machine guns at aerial targets. No remains of aerial targets were found.

Reports indicated the possibility of 20mm ammunition; none were found during the site visit. There is also a possibility that the range may have been used as a bombing range, but no evidence was found to support such activity. Included is a description of caliber .50 ammunition and an 20mm, High-Explosive Incendiary, not necessarily the type used, but the most hazardous.

Additional technical information including illustrations from TM 9-1901-1, Ammunition for Aircraft Guns, dated December 1957, is located in Appendix C.

8.2 Description of Ordnance

8.2.1 Cartridge, Caliber .50

The cartridge, Caliber .50 is a small arms round used in Machine Guns, Caliber .50., M2 and M85. This type of ammunition is depicted by the color of the bullet and includes; Ball, Tracer, Incendiary, Armor Piercing, Armor Piercing Incendiary with or without tracer, Spotter Tracer, and Blank. Tracers were found at the target site.

8.2.2 Cartridge, 20mm

The complete round, 20mm is used in an M3 automatic aircraft cannon. The filler is identified by its color and markings. Types include, Ball, High-Explosive Incendiary, Armor Piercing Tracer, Incendiary, and Practice.

8.3 Reference

TM 9-1901-1, Ammunition for Aircraft Guns, dtd December 1957

9.0 Evaluation of Other Site Information

No other environmental areas of concern, attributable to DOD, were discovered during the archive search.

The **State** of Oregon has assumed responsibility for an inactive **HTW** site within the project boundaries. It is fenced and identified by warning signs. Further information on this site can be obtained by calling the Oregon Department of Environmental Quality (See Photo #5, Appendix I).

APPENDIX A

REFERENCES

ORDNANCE AND EXPLOSIVE WASTE CHEMICAL WARFARE MATERIALS ARCHIVES SEARCH REPORT FINDINGS

FOR

CENTRAL OREGON AIR TO AIR GUNNERY RANGE MILITARY RESERVATION

Lake County, Oregon

Project Number F10OR017001

APPENDIX A - REFERENCES

A1 INPR REFERENCES

U.S. Army Corps of Engineers

1993 Inventory Project Report: Central Oregon Air-to-Air Gunnery Range, Portland District Corps of Engineers.

A2 HISTORICAL REFERENCES

Adjutant General

1946 Declaration of Excess of Leased Property, dated December 16, 1946. Real Estate Division, U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, Portland District.

Bunton, Hugh

1984 Alkali Lake Bombing Range: Class III Cultural Resource Inventory. Bureau of Land Management, Lakeview District, Lakeview, OR.

Burns Times Herald

1943 U.S. Army to Maneuver on Range Land, 28 May:1 #27. Burns Public Library, Burns, OR.

Colonel, Air Corps

1945 Cancellation of Leases and Permits, dated November 5, 1945. Record Group 18, Series 8-17-2-4-E-5, Box 18/23, Folder 602.1 (Abandonment of Buildings). National Personnel Record Center, St. Louis, MO.

Colonel, Corps of Engineers

Letter from Peter Goerz to Director, Department of Interior, dated November
 24, 1947. Real Estate Division, U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, Seattle
 District.

Walla Walla Army Air Field

1944 289.53-9 to 289.53-11, Box 3. Historical Research Center, Maxwell Air Force Base.

A3 REFERENCES FOR GEOLOGY AND SOILS

Alt, David D. and Hyndman, Donald W.

1990 Roadside Geology of Oregon. Mountain Press Publishing Co., Missoula, Montana.

A4 DEMOGRAPHIC REFERENCES

Lakeview Chamber of Commerce (503) 947-6040 U.S. Department of Commerce. Bureau of the Census. <u>OREGON</u>. 1990.

APPENDIX B GLOSSARY AND ACRONYMS

ORDNANCE AND EXPLOSIVE WASTE CHEMICAL WARFARE MATERIALS ARCHIVES SEARCH REPORT

FINDINGS

FOR

CENTRAL OREGON AIR TO AIR GUNNERY RANGE MILITARY RESERVATION

Lake County, Oregon

Project Number F100R017001

APPENDIX B -- GLOSSERY AND ACRONYMS

AAF Army Air Field AA Anti-Aircraft

AEC Army Environmental Center AGO Adjutant General's Office

AP Armor Piercing

APDS Armor Piercing Discarding Sabot

APERS Antipersonnel

APT Armor Piercing with Tracer
ASR Archives Search Report

Aux Auxiliary

BAR Browning Automatic Rifle

BD Base Detonating

BD/DR Building Demolition/Debris Removal

BE Base Ejection

BGR Bombing and Gunnery Range
BLM Bureau of Land Management
BRAC Base Realignment And Closure
CADD Computer-Aided Design/Drafting

Cal Caliber

CBDA Chemical and Biological Defense Agency
CBDCOM Chemical and Biological Defense Command

CE Corps of Engineers

CEHND Corps of Engineers, Huntsville Division

CELMS Corps of Engineers, St. Louis

CERCLA Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation

and Liability Act

CERFA Community Environmental Response Facilitation Act

CFR Code of Federal Regulations
cfs Cubic Feet Per Second
COE Chief of Engineers

COGR Central Oregon Air to Air Gunnery Range

COMP Composition CTG Cartridge

CSM Chemical Surety Material
CSM Command Sergeant Major
CWM Chemical Warfare Material
CWS Chemical Warfare Service
DA Department of the Army

APPENDIX B

GLOSSARY AND ACRONYMS (cont'd)

DARCOM Development and Readiness Command DEQ Department of Environmental Quality

DERA Defense Environmental Restoration Account
DERP Defense Environmental Restoration Program
DERP-FUDS Defense Environmental Restoration Program-

Formerly Used Defense Sites

DoD Department of Defense DOE Department of Energy DOI Department of Interior

EE/CA Engineering Evaluation/Cost Analysis
EIS Environmental Impact Statement
EOD Explosives Ordnance Disposal
EPA Environmental Protection Agency

ERDA Environmental Restoration Defense Account
FDE Findings and Determination of Eligibility
FFMC Federal Farm Mortgage Corporation

FLCH Flechette

FS Feasibility Study

FWS U. S. Fish and Wildlife Service FUDS Formerly Used Defense Sites GIS Graphic Information System GSA General Services Administration

HE High Explosive

HEAT High Explosive Anti-Tank
HEI High Explosive Incendiary

HEP Plastic HE-S Illuminating

HTRW Hazardous Toxic and Radioactive Waste

HTW Hazardous and Toxic Waste
IAS Initial Assessment Study
INPR Inventory Project Report

IRP Installation Restoration Program MCX Mandatory Center of Expertise

MG Machine Gun MG Major General mm Millimeter

MT Mechanical Time

MTSQ Mechanical Time Super Quick

NARA National Archives and Records Administration

NAS Naval Air Station

NCDC National Climatic Data Center NCP National Contingency Plan NFS National Forest Service

NG National Guard

NGVD National Geodetic Vertical Datum

APPENDIX B

GLOSSARY AND ACRONYMS (cont'd)

NOAA National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration

NOFA No Further Action

NPRC National Personnel Records Center

NRC National Records Center

OEW Ordnance and Explosive Waste
OSHA Occupational Safety and Health Act

PA Preliminary Assessment

PD Point Detonating

PIBD Point Initiating, Base Detonating

PL Public Law

QASAS Quality Assurance Specialist Ammunition Surveillance

RA Removal Action

RAC Risk Assessment Code
RD Remedial Design
RG Record Group

RI Remedial Investigation

RI/FS Remedial Investigation/Feasability Study

SARA Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act

SCS Soil Conservation Service

SLD St. Louis District, Corps of Engineers

SSHO Site Safety and Health Officer
SSHP Site Safety and Health Plan
SWMU Solid Waste Management Units
TECOM Test Evaluation Command
TEU Technical Escort Unit

TNT Trinitrotoluene
TP Target Practice

USA United States of America
USACE U.S. Army Corps of Engineers

USADACS U.S. Army Defense Ammunition Center and School

USAED U.S. Army Engineer District

USAEDH U.S. Army Engineer Division, Huntsville, AL

USATHMA U.S. Army, Corps of Engineers, Toxic and Hazardous

Materials Agency

USC United States Code
USDA U.S. Department of Army
USFWS U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service

USGS U.S. Geological Survey
UXO Unexploded Ordnance
WAA War Assets Administration

WD War Department

WNRC Washington National Records Center

APPENDIX C TEXT / MANUALS

ORDNANCE AND EXPLOSIVE WASTE CHEMICAL WARFARE MATERIALS ARCHIVES SEARCH REPORT FINDINGS FOR

CENTRAL OREGON AIR TO AIR GUNNERY RANGE MILITARY RESERVATION

Lake County, Oregon

Project Number F10OR017001

APPENDIX C - TEXT/MANUALS

- C-1 Cartridge, Caliber .50 TM 9-1901-1, Ammunition for Aircraft Guns, dated December 1957
- C-2 Cartridge, 20 Millimeter TM 9-1901-1, Ammunition for Aircraft Guns, dated December 1957

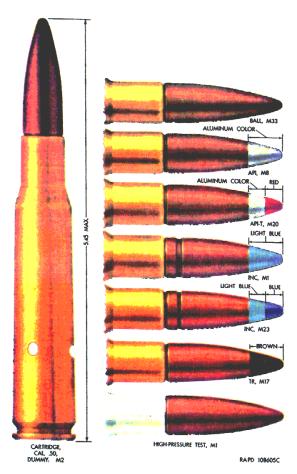


Figure 4. ('aliber .50 ourtridges.

16. Cartridge, Caliber .50: Armor-Piercing, M2

a. Cartridge. This cartridge is designed for use against armored aircraft, armored vehicles, concrete shelters, and similar bullet-resisting targets. The cartridge is 5.45 inches long. It may be identified by the black bullet tip.

b. Bullet. The bullet consists of three parts: Λ gilding-metal jacket, a hardened core of tungsten-chrome or manganese molybdenum steel, and a point filler of an antimony-lead alloy. The overall length of the bullet is 2.31 inches. The base has a 9-degree taper beginning 0.386 inch from the base.

17. Cartridge, Caliber .50: Armor-Piercing-Incendiary, M8

a. Cartridge. This cartridge is a round for caliber .50 machine guns It replaces the incendiary cartridge M1 and armor-piercing cartridge M2 for manufacture and issue. This cartridge is 5.45 inches long. It is identified by the aluminum color bullet tip.

b. Bullet. The bullet contains the same core as the armor-piercing bullet, caliber 50, M2, but the point filler is replaced by an incendiary composition and the bullet also contains a lead alloy base filler seal. The length of the bullet is 2.31 inches.

18. Cartridge, Caliber .50: Armor-Piercing-Incendiary, T49

a. Cartridge. This cartridge is for use only in caliber .50 aircraft machine guns. It has a higher velocity than the API cartridge, caliber .50, M8 and is intended for use with the incendiary cartridge, caliber .50, M23 (T48), since it has similar exterior ballistics. This cartridge is 5.45 inches in length. It may be identified by the bullet tip, which is painted medium blue with an aluminum color annulus to the rear.

b. Bullet. The bullet consists of three parts: A gilding-metal jacket, a hardened manganese-molybdenum steel core, and a point filler of an antimony-lead alloy. The bullet has a square base and is shorter, being 1.935 inches in length, than API bullet, caliber .50. M8.

Cartridge, Caliber .50: Armor-Piercing-Incendiary-Tracer, M20

a. Cartridge. This cartridge is for caliber .50 machine guns. It is similar to the armor-piercing-incendiary caliber .50, M8 cartridge, with the addition of a tracer element. As this bullet has its own tracer, the use of tracer cartridges for the production of traces is unnecessary in machine gun belts. The cartridge is 5.45 inches long. It is identified by the tip of the bullet, which is painted red with an aluminum annulus to its rear.

b. Bullet. The bullet is similar to the armor-piercing-incendiary bullet, caliber .50, M8, but it differs in having a trace. Visible trace begins at approximately 100 yards from muzzle and continues to at least 1,600 yards.

20. Cartridge, Caliber .50: Ball, M33

a. Cartridge. This cartridge was designed to replace the ball cartridge M2 as an item of issue and to duplicate ballistics of an inert caliber .50 API cartridge M8. It is designed for general use where tracer, incendiary, or armor penetration characteristics are not important considerations. The cartridge is 5.45 inches long and does not have any bullet point identification coloring. As its visual appearance is the same as the ball cartridge M2, this cartridge will be identified by markings on the packing containers. Headstamp markings are a further means of identifying ball M2 and ball M33 cartridges; the last lot of ball cartridge M2 was produced in 1950, whereas the first lot of ball cartridge M33 was manufactured in 1951.

b. Bullet. The bullet consists of three parts: A jacket of gilding metal or gilding metal clad steel, a soft steel core, and an inert point filler. The overall length of the bullet is (tapered) 2.31 inches. It has a boattailed base.

21. Cartridge, Caliber .50: Incendiary, M1

a. Cartridge. This cartridge is an item of issue for use in caliber .50 machine guns. The cartridge is 5.45 inches long. It may be identified by the bullet tip, which is painted light blue, and by a second, knurled cannelure rolled into the bullet jacket.

b. Bullet. The bullet consists of a gilding-metal jacket, a hollow, cylindrical, steel body, a lead-antimony base slug, and a core and point filler of incendiary composition. The bullet is 2.09 inches long and has a square (cylindrical) base.

22. Cartridge, Caliber .50: Incendiary, M23

a. Cartridge. This cartridge is an item of issue for use only in caliber .50 aircraft machine guns. It has a higher velocity than the incendiary cartridge M1 and is more effective as an incendiary against aviation kerosene. The cartridge is 5.45 inches long. It may be identified by the bullet tip, which is painted medium blue with a light blue annulus to the rear.

b. Bullet. The bullet is similar in external appearance to the incendiary bullet M1. The bullet M23 consists of a gilding-metal jacket, a clad steel container, a lead-antimony base slug, and an incendiary composition. The weight of incendiary composition is greater than that in the incendiary bullet M1. The bullet is 2.290 inches long and has a square (cylindrical) buse.

23. Cartridge, Caliber .50: Tracer, M1

a. Cartridge. This cartridge is an item for observation of fire in caliber .50 machine guns. It is limited to use for training purposes only. It is replaced for combat use by the CARTRIDGE, CALIBER .50: tracer.

M17. Care must be exercised when using this cartridge to prevent it from igniting dry vegetation on the range. This cartridge is 5.45 inches long. It is identified by the tip of the bullet, which is painted red.

b. Bullet. The bullet consists of three parts: A gilding-metal or a gilding-metal clad steel jacket, an antimony-lead alloy slug, which fills the forward end of the jacket, and tracer and igniter compositions which fill the balance. Unlike the bullets for armor-piercing and ball cartridges, this bullet is cylindrical to the base which is open to permit the propelling charge to ignite the tracer composition. The overall length of the bullet is 2.40 inches. The trace begins at a distance not greater than 250 feet from the weapon; the range of the trace is about 1.600 to 1.800 vards.

24. Cartridge, Caliber .50: Tracer, M10

a. Cartridge. This cartridge is for observation of fire in all caliber .50 aircraft machine guns. It serves the same purposes as the tracer cartridge M1. The cartridge is 5.45 inches long. It may be identified by the bullet tip, which is painted orange.

b. Bullet. The description and exterior ballistics for the tracer bullet M1 with gilding-metal clad steel jacket are applicable to the tracer bullet M10, except that the M10 has a dim trace for the first 225 yards of flight followed by a bright trace to 1,600 to 1,900 yards.

25. Cartridge, Caliber .50: Tracer, M17

a. Cartridge. This cartridge can be used as a substitute for the API-T cartridge, caliber .50, M20 except that penetration is not so great. It replaces the tracer cartridge M1 for use in caliber .50 aircraft machine guns. The cartridge is 5.45 inches long. It may be identified by the bullet tip, which is painted brown. The tips of bullets manufactured prior to 1952 were painted maroon.

b. Bullet. The description and exterior ballistics for the tracer bullet M1 with gilding-metal clad steel jacket are applicable to the tracer bullet M17, except that the M17 has a bright trace to approximately 2,450 yards of flight. Trace begins at a point not greater than 250 yards from the weapon. Tracer cartridges M17 manufactured since 1950 contain a gilding-metal cup or a vinylite disk, designated as a bullet base closure scal, in the base of the bullet. This seal is intended to prevent chemical action between the bullet tracer composition and the residual moisture in the propellant and, accordingly, to prolong the shelf life of this cartridge.

26. Cartridge, Caliber .50: Tracer, Headlight, M21

a. Cartridge. This cartridge is for caliber .50 aircraft machine guns for use in combat against other aircraft. When viewed from the front, its trace, due to the use of certain igniter composition instead of tracer composition such as is used in tracer bullet M1, is three times as brilliant as the trace of the tracer bullet M1. The tracer M21 has some incendiary effect at 150 and 350 yards, but is negligible at 600 yards. The cartridge

is 5.45 inches long. It may be identified by the bullet tip, which is painted red.

b. Bullet. The description and exterior ballistics of the tracer bullet M1 are applicable to the tracer bullet M21, except that the M21 has a very bright trace to approximately 550 yards.

27. Cartridge, Caliber .50 Blank: M1

This blank cartridge is for use in aircraft caliber .50 machine guns when these weapons are fitted with blank firing attachments for training operations. The cartridge is 3.910 inches long. It is identified by the absence of the bullet. The cartridge case has a slight annular groove about ¼ inch from the mouth; this serves as the seat for the wad. The wad is a disk punched out of strawboard sheet 1/16 inch thick; it is lacquered on both sides before insertion into the mouth of the case. After loading, a heavy coat of vermillion lacquer is applied to the wad and the mouth is crimped.

28. Cartridge, Caliber .50 Dummy: M2

a. Cartridge. This cartridge is for use in all caliber .50 machine guns for training purposes. It may also be used for testing the mechanism of the gun. The cartridge is 5.45 inches long. Some cases of current manufacture may be of steel instead of brass.

b. Bullet. The dummy cartridge has a gilding-metal or gilding-metal clad steel jacket. The bullet is 2.40 inches long and has a square (cylindrical) base.

29. Cartridge, Caliber .50: Test, High-Pressure, M1

a. Curtridge. This cartridge is used for proof-firing of caliber .50 machine guns at the place of manufacture or rebuild. The cartridge is loaded with a propellent charge sufficient to develop a breech pressure from 60,000 to 65,000 p.s.i. Due to this excessive pressure and the danger involved in firing, the guns under test are fired from a fixed rest under a hood by means of a mechanical firing device. This cartridge should be fired only by authorized personnel. The cartridge is 5.45 inches long. It is distinguished from other caliber .50 cartridges by the tinned cartridge case.

b. Bullet. The bullet consists of a gilding-metal jacket and a core made up of two antimony-lead alloy slugs, a front slug and a rear slug. The length of the bullet is 2.42 inches. The bullet has a square base.

30. Cartridges With Deteriorated Tracer Elements

Armor-piercing-incendiary-tracer and tracer-types of caliber .50 cartridges with deteriorated tracer elements, as listed in Department of the Army Supply Manual 9-5-1305/United States Air Force Stock List 1300, may be substituted for ball ammunition for training requirements within the continental United States.

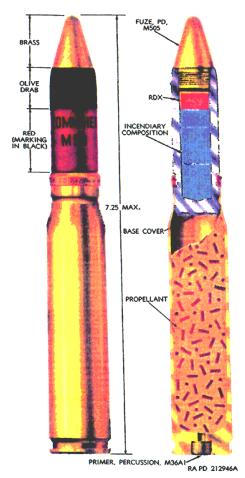


Figure 7. Cartridge, 20 millimeter: HEI, M58 (T241), w/fuze, PD, M505.

33. Cartridge, 20 Millimeter: AP-T, M95, Steel Case

This cartridge is the same as the item in paragraph 32, except that the steel cartridge case M21A1B1 is substituted for the M21A1.

34. Cartridge, 20 Millimeter: HEI, M58 (T241), W/Fuze, PD, M505

a. General. This cartridge (fig. 7), which replaces the M97A1, differs from the M97A1 (par. 36) principally in the interior design and loading of the projectile. It provides an adequate ballistic match with the M97A1. The M58 is an improvement over the M97A1 in blast, fragmentation, and incendiary effect. The weight of the incendiary charge (MOX-2B) is 0.026 pound. The weight of explosive is 0.03 pound, composed of 0.026 pound of MOX-2B and 0.004 pound of RDX. Upon impact, the charge is functioned with a combined detonative and incendiary effect. A base cover is welded to the base of the projectile for additional safety. The PD fuze M505 is an instantaneous percussion fuze of the impact-type. See paragraph 66 for description of this fuze.

b. Data.

Weight of complete round	0.55 lb.
Length of complete round	7.25 in. (max.)
Length of fuzed projectile	3 31 in
Length of cartridge case	4 34 in
Type of base	square

35. Cartridge, 20 Millimeter: HEI, M97, W/Fuze, PD, M75

This cartridge, which is replaced by the M97A1, differs from the M97A1 (par. 36) principally in the fuze. The fuze M75, which is described in paragraph 65, has no interrupter or other special devices for boresafety. In this respect, it differs from the fuze M505.

36. Cartridge, 20 Millimeter: HEI, M97A1, W/Fuze, PD, M505

a. General. This cartridge is for use against aircraft and light materiel targets, functioning with both explosive and incendiary effect. The high-explosive is tetryl and is located in the nose portion of the projectile, while the incendiary mixture is located in the base. The combined weight of the high-explosive-incendiary filler is 0.017 pound composed of 0.005 pound of incendiary mixture and 0.012 pound of tetryl. Upon impact, its filler is detonated, the shell shattered, and the incendiary composition ignited. Its fuze is an instantaneous percussion fuze of the impact-type. The thickness of the base is approximately 0.2 inch, and a base cover is welded thereon for additional protection.

APPENDIX D REPORTS / STUDIES

ORDNANCE AND EXPLOSIVE WASTE CHEMICAL WARFARE MATERIALS ARCHIVES SEARCH REPORT FINDINGS FOR

CENTRAL OREGON AIR TO AIR GUNNERY RANGE MILITARY RESERVATION

Lake County, Oregon

Project Number F10OR017001

APPENDIX D -- REPORTS/STUDIES

D-1 Inventory Project Report and Findings and Determinations for Central Oregon Air-to-Air Gunnery Range, Portland District Corps of Engineers, 1993.

SITE SURVEY SUMMARY SHEET FOR

DERP-FUDS SITE NO. F100R017000
CENTRAL OREGON AIR TO AIR GUNNERY RANGE MILITARY RESERVATION
27 MAY 93

SITE NAME: Central Oregon Air to Air Gunnery Range Military Reservation

<u>LOCATION</u>: Lake County, Oregon, approximately 35 miles north of the City of Lakeview, Oregon.

SITE HISTORY: In April 1942, 737,000 acres was acquired by the Army by use permit from the Department of the Interior and lease action was begun to acquire 60,395.65 acres from private parties, the state of Oregon, and Lake County, for use as an air to air gunnery range. Of the leased land, 2,338.83 acres leases were never negotiated, therefore, the total land acquired was 795,056.77 acres. The only known improvements constructed on this site, were the two earthen berms adjacent to Alkali Lake and the line of wooden target frames (assumed) on the northern berm. These target frames are nearly rotted away, leaving only the bases. In June 1947 the Army declared the property as surplus and the use permit was terminated. In 1948 the acquired leases and the pending lease action were terminated.

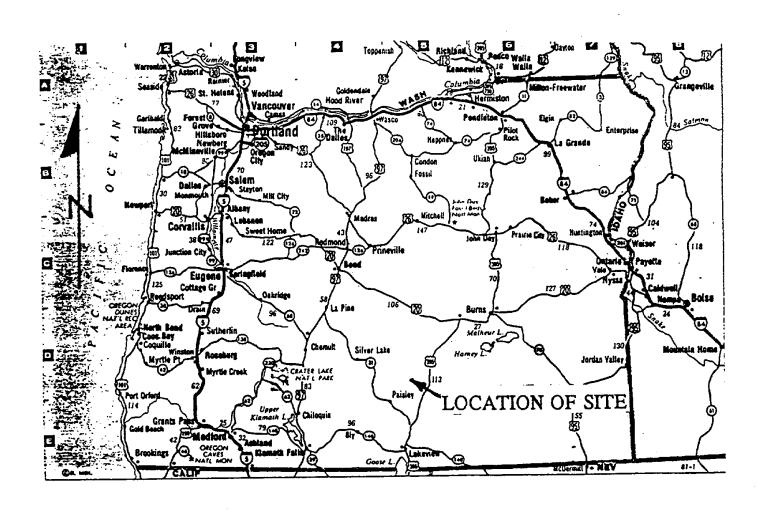
SITE VISIT: On 27 May 1993, Jerry Gardenhire and John Todd, CENPP-PE-DC, visited the site with Mr. Dan Stewardson of the Department of the Interior, Bureau of Land Management (BLM), Lakeview District Office. Prior to the site visit, Mr. Stewardson, Jane Simpson of the Lake County Sheriff's Office and Don Cates, Lake County Emergency Services Director, were interviewed over the telephone.

CATEGORY OF HAZARD: OEW.

PROJECT DESCRIPTION: There is one potential project at the site.

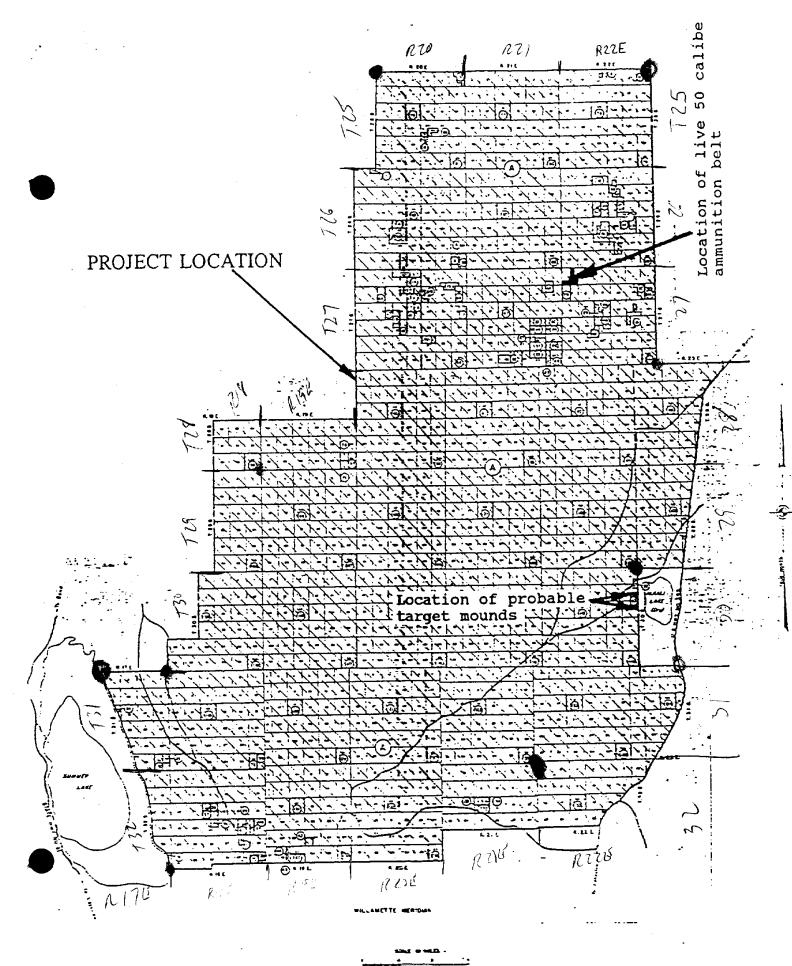
a: OEW. The site is a former aerial gunnery range. Hazardous waste may be present at the site.

PA POC: Michael Gross, CENPP-PE-DC, (503) 326-6489.

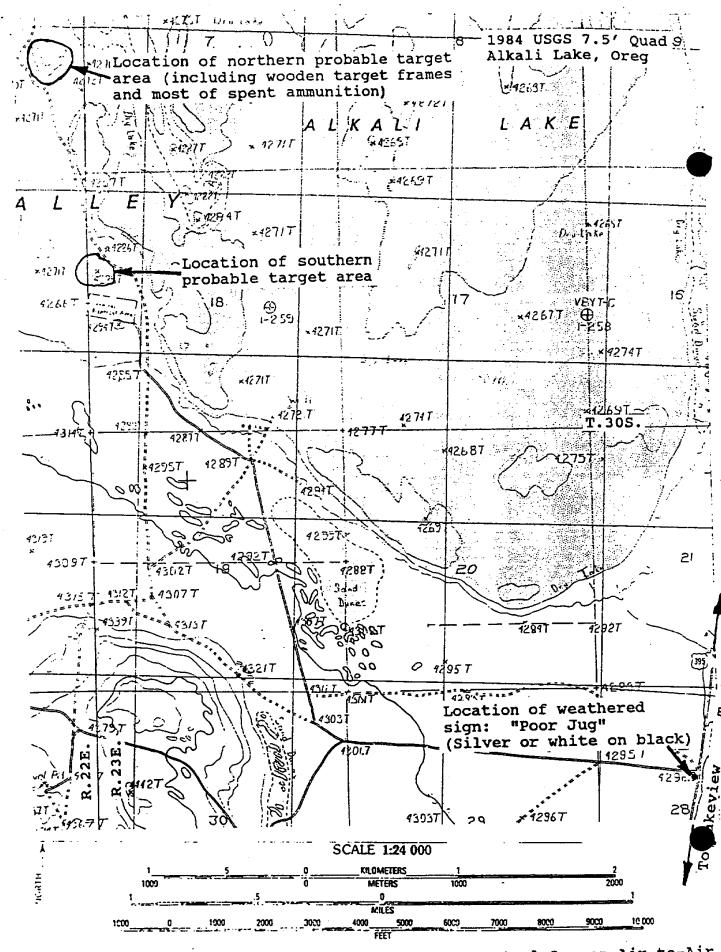


VICINITY MAP

SCALE IN MILES



Central Oregon Air to Air Gunnery Range F100R017000



Central Oregon Air-to-Air Gunnery Range F100R017000

DEFENSE ENVIRONMENTAL RESTORATION PROGRAM FORMERLY USED DEFENSE SITES FINDINGS AND DETERMINATION OF ELIGIBILITY

CENTRAL OREGON AIR TO AIR GUNNERY RANGE MILITARY RESERVATION

SITE NUMBER F100R017000

FINDINGS OF FACT

- 1. The War Department acquired 737,000.00 acres of public domain and initiated the acquisition of 60,395.60 acres of lease lands for which 2,338.83 acres were never negotiated for the Central Oregon Air to Air Gunnery Range. The Department of the Interior issued a Use Permit dated April 20, 1942 for the public domain lands. The lease information was incomplete. However, the leases were acquired between 1942 and 1943. The total area acquired is 795,056.77 acres.
- 2. The records are incomplete as to whether any improvements were constructed at the site. The site was determined to be under DOD control during the period of DOD jurisdiction and use.
- 3. The War Department declared the site excess to their needs on June 13, 1947. The 58,056.77 acres of acquired leases and 2,338.83 acres of pending leases were cancelled on January 1, 1948. The Corps of Engineers relinquished the use permit to the Department of the Interior by letter dated November 24, 1947. The total area excessed that are being considered in this report is 795,056.77 acres.

DETERMINATION

Based on the foregoing Findings of Fact, the site has been determined to be formerly used by the Department of Defense. It is therefore eligible for the Defense Environmental Restoration Program - Formerly Used Defense Sites established under 10 U.S.C. 2701, et seq.

1 07 42

Date

ERNEST J. HARRELL Major General, USA

Commanding

PROJECT SUMMARY SHEET FOR

DERP-FUDS OEW PROJECT F100R017001
CENTRAL OREGÓN AIR TO AIR GUNNERY RANGE MILITARY RESERVATION
SITE NO. F100R017000
27 MAY 93

PROJECT DESCRIPTION: This is a former Army aerial gunnery range. The entire range was hilly, semi-arid grazing land which was essentially unchanged after DOD use. The only known improvements constructed on this site, were two earthen berms adjacent to Alkali Lake and the line of wooden target frames (assumed) on the northern berm. These target frames are nearly rotted away, leaving only the bases. The town of Paisley, Oregon is approximately 45 miles south of the southern boundary of the gunnery range and approximately 63 miles south of the Alkali Lake berms. The range is bounded by US Highway 395 on the east, State Highway 31 on the south and west and a Lake County road on the north. Records indicate that the property was inspected and cleared of any ordnance prior to the termination of the leases and use permit. A belt of live 50 caliber ammunition was found in the northern part of the range in 1990. Expended 20 mm and 50 caliber rounds were found adjacent to the two berms during the site inspection. Though the RAC score is a 5, presence of the expended rounds, the berms, the wooden frame remains, and the discovery of live ammunition in the past, indicates the possibility of finding further OEW contamination. Therefore, further investigation of the entire range area is recommended.

PROJECT ELIGIBILITY: Records indicate that the area was used by the Army for aerial gunnery practice.

POLICY CONSIDERATIONS: There is no policy applicable to this project.

PROPOSED ACTIVITIES: The INPR should be referred to HND for a determination of further action.

RAC: Attached. The RAC score is II-E, 5.

POC: Michael Gross, CENPP-PE-DC, (503) 326-6489.

RISK ASSESSMENT PROCEDURES FOR ORDNANCE AND EXPLOSIVE WASTE (OEW) SITES

Site Name Site Location DERP Project # Date Completed	Phone Number Organization	Jerry R. Gardenhire (503) 326-6488 CENPP-PE-DC II-E-RAC-5-4	
_	 -	Corrected 8 10/14/	93

OEW RISK ASSESSMENT:

This risk assessment procedure was developed in accordance with MIL-STD 882B and AR 385-10. The RAC score will be used by CEHND to prioritize the remedial action at this site. The OEW risk assessment should be based upon best available information resulting from records searches, reports of Explosive Ordnance Disposal (EOD) detachment actions, and field observations, interviews, and measurements. This information is used to assess the risk involved based upon the potential OEW hazards identified at the site. The risk assessment is composed of two factors, hazard severity and hazard probability. Personnel involved in visits to potential OEW sites should view the CEHND videotape entitled "A Life Threatening Encounter: OEW."

Part I. <u>Hazard Severity</u>. Hazard severity categories are defined to provide a qualitative measure of the worst credible mishap resulting from personnel exposure to various types and quantities of unexploded ordnance items.

TYPE OF ORDNANCE (Circle all values that apply)

	· ·		
A.	Conventional Ordnance and Ammunition	VALU	ΙE
	Medium/Large Caliber (20 mm and larger)	10	
	Bombs, Explosive	10	
	Grenades, Hand and Rifle, Explosive	10	
	Landmines, Explosive	10	
	Rockets, Guided Missiles, Explosive	10	
	Detonators, Blasting Caps, Fuzes, Boosters, Bursters	6	
	Bombs, Practice (w/spotting charges)	6	
	Grenades, Practice (w/spotting charges)	4	
	Landmines, Practice (w/spotting charges)	4	
	Small Arms (.22 cal50 cal)	1	
	Conventional Ordnance and Ammunition (Select the largest single value)		10_

What evidence do you have regarding conventional OEW? Site inspection uncovered bullets and shells of 50 caliber and 20mm or 30mm bullets, plus verbal accounts of finding scattered bullets, shells, and a belt of live 50 caliber bullets.

B. Pyrotechnics (For munitions not described above.)	VALUE
	10
Munitions (Container) Containing	
White Phosphorus or other	
Pyrophoric Material (i.e.,	
Spontaneously Flammable)	
C. A. Clame	6
Munition Containing A Flame	
or Incendiary Material (i.e.,	
Napalm, Triethlaluminum Metal	
Incendiaries)	
at 1 At Alam	4
Flares, Signals, Simulators	
Pyrotechnics Value (Select the largest single value)	0
Pyrotechnics value (Select the language stanges)	
What evidence do you have regarding pyrotechnics? No evidence of t	pyrotechnics OEW has been found in 50+
What evidence do you have regarding py	
years of activity in the area.	
C. Bulk High Explosives (Bulk explosives not an integral part of conventi	ional ordnance;
C. Bulk High Explosives (Bulk explosives 250 = 2	
uncontainerized.)	VALUE
T. M. M Devilogities	10
Primary or Initiating Explosives	
(Lead Styphnate, Lead Azide,	
Nitroglycerine, Mercury Azide,	
Mercury Fulminate, Tetracene, etc.)	
	10
Demolition Charges	••
	. 8
Secondary Explosives	
(PETN, Compositions A, B, C,	
Tetryl, TNT, RDX, HMX, HBX,	
Black Powder, etc.)	
	6
Military Dynamite	U
Williams 2)	•
Less Sensitive Explosives	3
(Ammonium Nitrate, Explosive D, etc.)	
(Amaionum Maao, Experies -	_
High Explosives (Select largest single value)	
High Explosives (octors impact and	
What evidence do you have regarding bulk explosives? No evidence	e of explosives OEW has been tound in 50+
was of activity in the area.	
years of activity the first	
D. Bulk Propellants (Not an integral part of rockets, guided missiles, o	or ·
other conventional ordnance; uncontainerized)	
Other conventional ordinates,	VALUE
	_
Solid or Liquid Propellants	6
2011g of Fiding Cohengree	_
P Handa	<u> </u>
Propellants	
What evidence do you have regarding bulk propellants? No evider	nce of propellant OEW has been found in 50
What evidence do you have regarding bonk proposition	
years of activity in the area.	

E.	Radiological/Chemical Agents/Weapons	VALUE
	Toxic Chemical Agents (Choking, Nerve, Blood, Blister)	25
	War Gas Identification Sets	20
	Radiological	15
	Riot Control and Miscellaneous (Vomiting, Tear, incendiary and smoke)	5
	Radiological/Chemical Agent/Weapons (Select the largest single value)	_0_
<u>h</u> :	What evidence do you have regarding chemical/radiological OEW? No evas been found in 50+ years of activity in the area.	idence of chemical/radiological OEW
=	: = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = =	
	Total Hazard Severity Value	10

Total Hazard Severity Value (Sum of Largest Values for A through E-Maximum of 61). Apply this value to Table 1 to determine Hazard Severity Category.

TABLE 1

HAZARD SEVERITY

Category	Value
Ĭ	<u>≥</u> 21
П	≥ 10 < 21
Ш	≥ 5 < 10
IV	<u>≥</u> 1 < 5
	0
	I II

^{**}If Hazard Severity Value is 0, you do not need to complete Part II. Proceed to Part III and use a RAC Score of 5 to determine your appropriate action.

Part II. <u>Hazard Probability</u>. The probability that a hazard has been or will be created due to the presence and other rated factors of unexploded ordnance or explosive materials on a formerly used DOD site.

AREA, EXTENT, ACCESSIBILITY OF OEW HAZARD (Circle all values that apply)

Locations of OEW Hazards	VALUE
On the surface	5
Within Tanks, Pipes, Vessels or Other confined Locations.	4
Inside walls, ceilings, or other parts of Buildings or Structures.	3
Subsurface	2
Location (Select the single largest value)	_5_

A.

What evidence do you have regarding location of OEW? Discovery of spent 20 or 30mm bullets and 50 caliber brass and bullets, plus verbal account of finding a belt of live 50 caliber rounds.

B. Distance to nearest inhabited locations or structures likely to be at risk from OEW hazard (roads, parks, playgrounds, and buildings).

•	Value
Less than 1250 feet	5
1250 feet to 0.5 mile	4
0.5 mile to 1.0 mile	3
1.0 mile to 2.0 miles	2
Over 2.0 miles	1
Distance (Select the single largest value)	_1

What are the nearest inhabited structures? State of Oregon Highway Department Maintenance Station on the east side of Alkali Lake and a private store/residence are closest to probable target area west of Alkali Lake. Live 50 caliber rounds in a belt are probably not within 2 miles of any inhabited structures.

C. Numbers and types of Buildings within a 2 mile radius measured from the OEW hazard area, not the installation boundary.

undary.	Value
26 and over	5 .
16 to 25	4
11 to 15	3
6 to 10	2
1 to 5	. 1
0	0
Number of Buildings (Select the single largest value)	_0

Narrative All buildings seen during the site inspection are located outside the 2 mile radius.

D. Types of Buildings (within a 2 mile radius)	Value
Educational, Child Care, Residential, Hospitals, Hotels, Commercial, Shopping Centers, etc.	5
Industrial Warehouse, etc.	4 .
Agricultural, Forestry, etc.	3
Detention, Correctional	2
No Buildings	0
Types of Buildings (Select the largest single value)	
Describe types of buildings in the area. There are no buildings in	the 2 mile radius.

RAC Worksheet - Page 5

E. Accessibility to site refers to access by humans to ordnance and explosive wastes. Use the following guidance:

BARRIER	VALUE
No barrier or security system	(5)
Barrier is incomplete (e.g., in disrepair or does not completely surround the site). Barrier is intended to deny egress from the site, as for a barbed wire fence for grazing.	
A barrier, (any kind of fence in good repair) but no separate means to control entry. Barrier is intended to deny access to the site.	. 3
Security guard, but no barrier	2
Isolated site	1
A 24-hour surveillance system (e.g., television monitoring or surveillance by guards or facility personnel) which continuously monitors and controls entry onto the facility; or	0
An artificial or natural barrier (e.g., a fence combined with a cliff), which completely surrounds the facility; and a means to control entry, at all times, through the gates or other entrances to	
the facility (e.g., an attendant, television monitors, locked entrances, or controlled roadway access to the facility).	JF
Accessibility (Select the single largest value)	<u>*</u> 5

Describe the site accessibility. The area is approximately 800,000 acres in an unpopulated part of Oregon. The land generally has no permanent residents, only hunters and the occasional BLM person or crew, and has virtually no roads or other access routes.

F. Site Dynamics - This deals with site conditions that are subject to change in the future, but may be stable at the present. Examples would be excessive soil erosion by beaches or streams, increasing land development that could reduce distances from the site to inhabited areas or otherwise increase accessibility.

Expected	5	
None Anticipated	0	
Site Dynamics (Select the single largest value)	_0_	
Describe the site dynamics. Site dynamics are not expected to	change due to the area's location and current	<u> </u>
use.		-

VALUE

Total Hazard Probability Value (Sum of Largest Values for A through F-Maximum of 30) Apply this value to Hazard Probability Table 2 to determine Hazard Probability Level.



TABLE 2

HAZARD PROBABILITY

Description	Level	Value
		> 27
FREQUENT	A	<u>></u> 27
PROBABLE	В	<u>></u> 21 < 27
OCCASIONAL	С	≥ 15 < 21
REMOTE	(D) 9F	<u>></u> 8 < 15
IMPROBABLE	E	≤ 8

^{*}Apply Hazard Probability to Table 3.

Part III. Risk Assessment. The risk assessment value for this site is determined using the following Table 3. Enter with the results of the hazard probability and hazard severity values.

TABLE 3

Probability Level		FREQUENT A	PROBABLE B	OCCASIONAL C	REMOTE (IMPROBABLE E
Severity Category:			•			
CATASTROPHIC	I	1	1	2	3	4
CRITICAL	II	1	2	3	<u>(4) ()</u>	5
MARGINAL	III	2	3	4	4	5
NEGLIGIBLE	IV	3	4	4	5	5

RISK ASSESSMENT CODE (RAC)

- RAC 1 Imminent Hazard Expedite INPR Immediately call CEHND-ED-SY-commercial 205-955-4968 or DSN 645-4968.
- RAC 2 High priority on completion of INPR Recommend further action by CEHND.
- RAC 3 Complete INPR Recommend further action by CEHND.

RAC 4 Complete INPR - Recommend further action by CEHND.

RAC 5 Recommend no further action. Submit NOFA and RAC to CEHND.

Part IV. Narrative. Summarize the documented evidence that supports this risk assessment. If no documented evidence was available, explain all the assumptions you made.
Based on our telephone interviews with the Lake County Sheriff's Office and the Lake County Emergency
Services Director, there have been no reports of OEW found in the area. Based on our preliminary site
inspection and a telephone interview with the BLM Hazardous Materials Specialist, only scattered, spent rounds
and brass and 1 belt of live 50 caliber rounds have been found in the area. Though the RAC score for this site is
a 5, further study is recommended.
Should be RAC 4. JF.

CONTACT LISTING

- Lake County, Oregon
 - a. County Emergency Services
 - (1) Contact Name: Don Cates (Director)
 - (2) Address: County Courthouse, 513 Center Street, Lakeview, Oregon 97630
 - (3) Telephone Number: (503) 947-6012
 - (4) Interview Information: Don Cates hasn't heard of any OEW being found in the area, or that the area was used as a gunnery range.
 - b. County Sheriff's Office
 - (1) Contact Name: Jane Simpson (job title unknown)
 - (2) Address: 513 Center Street, Lakeview, Oregon 97630
 - (3) Telephone Number: (503) 947-6027
 - (4) Interview Information: Jane hadn't heard of any reports of ordnance found in the area. She suggested that I speak to the County Emergency Services Director.
 - U.S. Government (BLM, Lakeview District Office)
 - a. Contact Name: Mr. Dan Stewardson
 - b. Address: P.O. Box 151; Lakeview, Oregon 97603
 - c. Telephone Number: (503) 947-2177
 - Interview Information: Mr. Stewardson, initially, said that he has been there for 12 years and he's found 1 belt of live 50 caliber rounds in the north end of the area in that time. He hadn't heard of anyone finding any other unexploded OEW, just scattered bullets and/or brass. Prior to our site inspection he talked to some other staff members and found out that two mounds of dirt were thought to have been built by the Army for targets. These two sites are immediately west of Alkali Lake. He took us to the mounds, where we found spent bullets (20 or 30mm and 50 caliber) and several shell casings, as well as a line of wooden boxes, which appear to have been the bases for target frames. The target frames were found on top of the northern mound, where most of the spent rounds were found (on the west side of the mound). Both mounds are located north of the chemical waste disposal site southwest of Alkali Lake. The northern site is in the east 1/2 of Section 12, T.30S., R22E. and the southern site is in the east 1/2 of Section 13, T.30S., R22E.

APPENDIX E LETTERS / MEMORANDA / MISCELLANEOUS ITEMS

ORDNANCE AND EXPLOSIVE WASTE CHEMICAL WARFARE MATERIALS ARCHIVES SEARCH REPORT FINDINGS FOR

CENTRAL OREGON AIR TO AIR GUNNERY RANGE MILITARY RESERVATION

Lake County, Oregon

Project Number F10OR017001

APPENDIX E

LETTERS/MEMORANDA/MISCELLANEOUS ITEMS

E-1 Letter from Corps of Engineers Department of Interior, dated November 24, 1947. Real Estate Division, U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, Seattle District.

EG/lj

HOIN

Movember 30/Av

TBK

GFM

Director, Department of Interior, Bureau of Land Management, Washington, D.C.

Dear Sir:

Reference is made to letter from your Department dated 20 April 1942, authorizing the Department of the Army to use 737,000 acres of public land located 35 miles north of Lakeview in Lake County, Oregon, in connection with the Central Oregon Gunnery Range.

The aforementioned lands are no longer required by this Department and permission to use the lands is hereby relinquished.

The lands have been examined and have been cleared of all explosives or explosive objects reasonably possible to detectibly visual inspection. Restoration of the lands is not deemed necessary. By letter dated 31 October 1947, Mr. Maurice W. March, Acting Regional Grazier, Swan Island Station, Oregon, advised the Division Engineer at Portland, Oregon, that the lands were in satisfactory condition.

Your cooperation in making these lands available to this Department is appreciated.

FOR THE CHIEF OF ENGINEERS:

Sincerely yours,

PETER P. GOZEZ, Colonel, Corps of Engineers, Assistant Chief of Engineers for Real Estate

Ralty

APPENDIX F REAL ESTATE DOCUMENTS

ORDNANCE AND EXPLOSIVE WASTE CHEMICAL WARFARE MATERIALS ARCHIVES SEARCH REPORT FINDINGS FOR

CENTRAL OREGON AIR TO AIR GUNNERY RANGE MILITARY RESERVATION

Lake County, Oregon

Project Number F10OR017001

APPENDIX F -- REAL ESTATE DOCUMENTS

F-1 Declaration of Excess of Leased Property, dated December 16, 1946. Real Estate Division, U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, Portland District.

HEADQUARTERS WALLA WALLA ARRY AIR FIRED WASHINGTON

DEC 16, 1946

J4A10 602

UBJECT:

Declaration of Excess of Leased Property.

THRU:

Commanding Officer

200th AAF Base Unit (Special) Colorado Springs, Colorado

TO:

Commanding General

Colorado Springs, Colorado.

- 1. In compliance with AAF Reg. 85-3 of 12 May 1945 as amended by AAF Reg. 85-3A of 23 July 1946 and AAF Reg. 85-3B of 30 October 1946, declaration of excess covering the property known as the Central Oregon Aerial Gunnery Range is hereby submitted:
- a. Property is known as Central Oregon Aerial Gunnery Range.
 b. Subject range is located in Lake County in the State of Oregon, 48 miles southwest of Burns, Oregon, and 35 miles north of Lake-view, Oregon.
- c. This range consists of the lease to the lease of the lease numbers subted as follows:

.5504 44 .	rottono.			•
	Acres	Unnegotiated	Annual	Lease
ract No.	Leased	Acres	Rental	Number Lessor
1	147.46		1.00	W-698-eng-2804 J. L. Linebaugh
2	160.00		1.00	W-698-eng-2807 Sarah J. Cooper
3,7,17,30,	45 1600.00		1.00	M-698-eng-2818 Chewacan Land & Cattle Co
4		160.39	3.20*	Unnegotiated Tom L. Cowen
5		80.43	1.60%	Unnegotiated C. H. Barns, et al
6	320.00		1.00	W-698-eng-2805 John S. Bollock
8	•	40.00	1.00*	Unnegotiated John Driman
Ą	200.00		4.00	W-04-193-eng-5314Edna L. Cooper
10		320.00	6.40×	Unnegotiated Esther D. Newton
11	480.00		1.00	W-698-3ng-2813 E. Carlon & Co.
12		320.00	20.00*	Unnegotiated A.A. Warner
13	320.00		1.00	W-698-eng-2808 Flora E. Hanson, Exec.
14	320.00		10.00	W-04-193-eng-5621 Vernon H. Cheldelin
15	320.00		6.40	W-04-193-eng-5312 Sophie K. Kyle et vir
16	•	320.00	6.40 *	Unnegotiated W. B. Freeman
18	320.00		6.40	W-04-193-eng-5310 Erich T. Richter et ux
: 19	320.00		6.40	W-04-193-eng-5309 Agnes Carlson Pierson
20	320.00		6.40	W-04-193-eng-5354 Joe E. Ringrose et ux
21	320.00	•	6.40	W-04-193-eng-5355 T. J. Otis, Est.
. 22	320.00		6.40	W-04-193-eng-5356 J.W. Hornbuckle
23		160.00	3.20	Unnegotiated B.S. Durkee
24	320.00		30.00	M-04-193-eng-3684 J.W. Sutherland et al
25	320.00 .		15.00	W-04-193-eng-5353 W. R. Williams
26		320.00	6.40#	W-04-193-eng-5251 Herbert Sherrill
27	220.00	-	4.40	W-04-193-eng-5350 Mildren C. O'Kief
28	325.18		40.00	W-04-193-eng-5349 David Pearlman
29		160.00	30.00	Unnegotiated Benton S. Durkee
31	320.00		8.40	W-04-193-eng-5348 L. Lockwood

PASIC:	S4A10 602 Hq, WVIAL_d,	16 Dec 46, subj	: Declaration of Excess	of Leased Property.
WOTO!	other oor mil marting	To see 40, adol	1. Decrare of our of the cours	or nemen trobatch.

	20X				•
.2	•	80.00	1.60*	Unnegotiated ·	H.C. Beckwith
3	320.00		6.40	W-04-193-eng-5346	American Soda Products Co
4ر		128.40	3 . 00*	Unnegotiated	Albert Newell
-25	160.00		3.20	W-04-193-eng-5344	Marie K. Uncapher
6		150.11	3.00*	Unnegotiated	F.H. McCullock -
37		320.00	6.40*	H	Alice C. Woodward
38		320.00	6.40*	lt .	Joe C. McKissick
39	160.00		3.20	. W-04-193-eng-5341	Alida DeVaul
40	480.00		9.60	W-04-193-eng-5340	Adelbert DeVaul
41	& 42 359.26		125.00	W-04-193-eng-3686	C. E.Campbell et ux
43		110.00	2.00*	Unnegotiated	Aloy Evinger
44	•	50.00	1.00*	Unnegotiated	Burnice Amos Pope
	737,000.00		Free	Use Permit	Dept. Interior
	37,542.60		750.00	W-698-eng-2814	State_of Oregon ,
	11,388.58		10.00	W-698-eng-2781	Lake County
•	794,383.08	3,039.33	1,163.20	TOTALS	(* Estimated)

- Property is the property is th d. or structures.
- The present condition of the property is virtually the same as when taken over by the War Department. However some inexpression comes may exist on the ringer Worknowledges to available essite whether any dedudding has been done and in s
- -vailable records at this station indicate that Central Oregon rial Gunnery Range was used largely for aim to the Leanning our estate. OF COLOR oseible that it may have been used to some extent for sin begreened bombing electrons.
- g. The installation above referred to will no longer be required after 16 December 1946.
 - There are no auxiliary facilities to be disposed of at this range.
- There are no contractual commitments affecting disposition of subject range.
- There are no statements currently being rendered or existing obligations to the Army, Navy or other Federal Agency.
- k. It is recommended that properties referred to above be returned to the original owners as they are no longer required by the Army Air Forces for the purpose for which they were originally procured.

2 Incls 2 Maps - Cen. Ore. Gun. Rge. MARL W. CRISS Major, Air Corps Administrative Officer

S4 602 lst Ind. .26 DEC 1946 HEADQUARTERS 200th AAF BASE UNIT (Special), Colo Springs, Colo, TO: Bommanding General, Fifteenth Air Force, Colorado Springs, Colorado.

2 Incls n/c

engu 684 2d Ind.

17 JAN 1947

17

HEADQUARTERS FIFTEENTH AIR FORCE, Colorado Springs, Colorado.

- "O: Commanding General, Strategic Air Command, Andrews Field, Washington 20, D. C.
- Pursuant to instructions given in Section IV of AAF Regulation 85-3, 12 May 945 and AAF Regulation 85-3A, 23 July 1946, the Central Oregon Aerial Gunnery ange, is declared excess to the needs of this command effective immediately.
- 2. Pertinent data for the above installation, as required by cited regulations, is given in basic letter.

FOR THE COMMANDING GENERAL:

DALE O. REYNOLDS

APPENDIX G

NEWSPAPERS / JOURNALS NOT USED

APPENDIX H INTERVIEWS

ORDNANCE AND EXPLOSIVE WASTE CHEMICAL WARFARE MATERIALS ARCHIVES SEARCH REPORT FINDINGS

FOR

CENTRAL OREGON AIR TO AIR GUNNERY RANGE MILITARY RESERVATION

Lake County, Oregon

Project Number F10OR017001

APPENDIX H -- INTERVIEWS

Person Contacted

Position/Organization

Tele# (503)573-2636
Burns Chamber of Commerce
18 West D Street
Burns, OR 97720

Karen Devaurs
Tele# (503)947-3378
Lake County Examiner

305 No. F

Lakeview, OR 97630

Gene DuPue Tele# (503)573-6738

Harney County Assessor 450 N. Buena Vista Burns, OR 97720

Katheren Ferl Tele# (503)947-2220

Schmick Museum & Lake County Museum 128 South East St Lakeview, OR 97630

David Glerup Tele# (503)573-6156

Burns (Harney Co.) Sheriff

485 N. Court Burns, OR 97720

Jeff Ingalls Tele# (503) 388-6146

Hazardous Waste Specialist

Oregon Department of Environmental

Quality (DEQ)

811 S.W. 6th Avenue Portland, OR 97204

Walt Leehman Jr.

Tele# (503)947-3502

Native of Alkali Lake area

Eugene Luckey

Tele# (503)573-7639

Burns Historical Society

144 East E Street Burns, OR 97720

Brian McClure

Tele# (503)229-6568

Hazardous Waste Specialist

Oregon Department of Environmental

Quality (DEQ) 811 S.W. 6th Avenue Portland, OR 97204

Bill Murphy

Tele# (503)280-7064

Bureau of Land Management 1300 Northeast 44th Ave

Portland, OR

Jim Ogel

Tele# (503)947-2220

Lakeview Historical Society

P.O. Box 48

Lakeview, OR 97630

Corky Palmer

Tele# (503)573-6451

Private Engineering Firm

254 N. Alder Burns, OR 97720

Ray Simms

Tele# (503) 947-6003

Planning Director Lake County 513 Center Street Lakeview, OR 97630

Dan Stewardson Doug Troutman Tele# (503)947-6113

Bureau of Land Management

P.O. Box 151

Lakeview, OR 97630

Interview Summaries

Walt Leehman Jr. (503)947-3502

Mr. Leehman has lived in the Alkali Lake area all of his life. He remembers finding .50 caliber shells in the lake. Alkali Lake was used for the Central Oregon Air-to-Air Gunnery Range and for the Northwest Maneuver's of 1944. He also recalls seeing the wooden structures that were probably being used for targets.

Doug Troutman
Bureau of Land Management
P.O. Box 151
Lakeview, OR 97630
(503)947-6113

The Lakeview BLM District provided the St. Louis Corps District with information regarding the HTW area that is maintained inside the Alkali Lake area. Mr. Troutman also explained that the project site is mainly public land, but with some state and private holdings.

Brian McClure
Tele# (503)229-6568
Hazardous Waste Specialist
Oregon Department of Environmental Quality (DEQ)
811 S.W. 6th Avenue
Portland, OR 97204

The State of Oregon is responsible for the restricted area near Alkali Lake. It is marked with warning signs and is the result of private disposal. Mr. McClure is the point of contact in the Department of Environmental Quality for this site. They are currently assessing the area and monitoring for ground water, etc. He verified that it was a private company that disposed of approximately 80,000 drums in this landfill, and the State has assumed responsibility since the middle 1970's. Another contact at DEQ is Jeff Ingalls (503) 388-6146.

APPENDIX I PRESENT SITE PHOTOGRAPHS

ORDNANCE AND EXPLOSIVE WASTE CHEMICAL WARFARE MATERIALS ARCHIVES SEARCH REPORT FINDINGS FOR

CENTRAL OREGON AIR TO AIR GUNNERY RANGE MILITARY RESERVATION

Lake County, Oregon

Project Number F10OR017001

APPENDIX I - PRESENT SITE PHOTOGRAPHS

PAGE	DESCRIPTION				
Page I-1					
Photo #1	Looking east across top of southern berm. Note target debris.				
Photo #2	Target remnant with pieces of oxidized copper jackets.				
Page I-2					
Photo #3	.50 caliber round.				
Photo #4	Another .50 cal round, typical of those found in area.				
Page I-3					
Photo #5	HTW site				



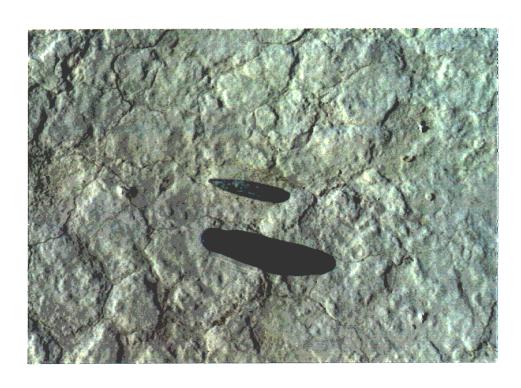
#1 Looking east across top of southern berm. Note target debris.



#2 Target remnant with pieces of oxidized copper jackets.



#3 .50 caliber round.



#4 Another .50 cal round, typical of those found in area.



#5 HTW site.

APPENDIX J HISTORICAL PHOTOGRAPHS NOT USED

APPENDIX K HISTORICAL MAPS / DRAWINGS NOT USED

APPENDIX L

SITE SAFETY AND HEALTH PLAN / SITE INSPECTION REPORT

ORDNANCE AND EXPLOSIVE WASTE CHEMICAL WARFARE MATERIALS ARCHIVES SEARCH REPORT FINDINGS FOR

CENTRAL OREGON AIR TO AIR GUNNERY RANGE MILITARY RESERVATION Lake County, Oregon

Project Number F10OR017001

APPENDIX L

SITE SAFETY AND HEALTH PLAN/SITE INSPECTION REPORT

Site Safety and Health Plan for Central Oregon Air to Air Gunnery Range

The Site Inspection Report is located in Section 6.0, ASR Findings and Section 2.4, ASR Conclusions and Recommendations.

SITE SPECIFIC SAFETY AND HEALTH PLAN (SSHP)

OE/CWM Archives Search Site Inspection Visit

Central Oregon Air to Air Gunnery Range Lake County, Oregon Site #F100R017000

1. REFERENCES:

- a. Safety Manual, CELMS-PM-M, 16 Sep 93 w/ Ch1.
- b. SOP for Reporting Ordnance and Unexploded Ordnance (UXO), CELMS-PM-M, 19 Jan 95.
- c. OEW Guidance Regarding Coordination with EOD Organizations, 10 Jan 95.
- 2. GENERAL: This plan prescribes the safety and health requirements for team activities and operations conducted to determine the presence of ordnance and explosive waste and /or chemical warfare materials at the specified site.
 - a. The Safety Officer has final authority on all matters relating to safety. The safety rules will be followed at all times. Any member of the team may stop operations if they observe a situation or activity which poses a potential hazard to any individual or to the operation. All actions must comply with the common sense rule!
 - b. All team members will be aware of the local emergency numbers and the location of the nearest telephone.
 - c. A minimum of two and a maximum of eight persons will be allowed on-site at any one time.
 - d. The property owner is not required to sign the SSHP, but should be politely asked to participate in the safety briefing.
- 3. MISSION: Reconnoiter, document, and photograph areas on Central Oregon Air to Air Gunnery Range suspected to be contaminated with UXO and/or toxic chemical munitions. The range is located west of US Highway 395, north and east of state highway 31 and south of Lake County Road. Investigation will consist of the entire range.

10. SAFETY STATEMENT: Safety is everyone's business. No unnecessary risks will be taken to obtain photos or other data. Team members are responsible for notifying the project Manager or safety Officer of any physical conditions that may impede or prevent their accomplishment of the mission. An example is allergic reactions to bee stings.

Important Phone Numbers

Emergencies:

911

Lake County Emergency Services: (503) 947-6012

Lake County Sheriffs Office:

(503) 947-6027

Lake County Hospital

(503) 947-2114

Huntsville Safety:

(205) 895-1582/1579

(800) 627-3532, PIN 777-2534

Cellular Phone (Gilmore):

(314) 630-5814

St Louis Corps of Engineers:

(314) 331-8036

548th EODCT

(206) 967-1971

SSHP reviewed by: William K. STAMES

Encls

- 1. Safety Briefing Attendance
- 2. Safety gear

MANDATORY MINIMUM SAFETY GEAR

First aid kit (individual)	
Survival kit	
Fire starter	
Space blanket	
Whistle	
Mirror	
Cellular phone	
Flash light	
Survey tape	
Canteen	

APPENDIX M REPORT DISTRIBUTION LIST

ORDNANCE AND EXPLOSIVE WASTE CHEMICAL WARFARE MATERIALS ARCHIVES SEARCH REPORT CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS FOR

CENTRAL OREGON AIR TO AIR GUNNERY RANGE MILITARY RESERVATION Lake County, Oregon

Project Number F10OR017001

APPENDIX C - REPORT DISTRIBUTION LIST

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REPORT PLATES

ORDNANCE AND EXPLOSIVE WASTE CHEMICAL WARFARE MATERIALS ARCHIVES SEARCH REPORT FINDINGS

FOR

CENTRAL OREGON AIR TO AIR GUNNERY RANGE MILITARY RESERVATION

Lake County, Oregon

Project Number F10OR017001

REPORT PLATES

RP-1 Vicinity Map RP-2 Findings

